**Assigniment No: 2 Date:**

A] Create two classes DM and DB which store the value of distances. DM stores distances in metres and centimetres and DB in feet and inches. Write a program that can read values for the class objects and add one object of DM with another object of DB.

Use a friend function to carry out the addition operation. The object that stores the results may be a DM object or DB object, depending on the units in which the results are required.

The display should be in the format of feet and inches or metres and centimetres depending on the object on display.

#include<iostream>

using namespace std;

class DB;

class DM{

int meter;

float centimeter;

public:

DM(){ //metric units

meter = 0;

centimeter = 0;

}

DM(float d){

meter = d;

centimeter = 0;

centimeter =(d - meter) \* 100;

}

friend DM sum(DM&, DB&);

friend DB sum(DB&, DM&);

void display(){

cout<<meter<<" m "<<centimeter<<" cm"<<endl;

}

};

class DB{ //imperial units

int feet;

float inches;

public:

DB(){

feet = 0;

inches = 0;

}

DB(float d){

feet = d;

inches = 0;

inches = (d - feet) \* 12;

}

friend DM sum(DM&, DB&);

friend DB sum(DB&, DM&);

void display(){

cout<<feet<<" \' "<<inches<<" \""<<endl;

}

};

DB sum(DB &b, DM &a){

float distance = b.feet + b.inches \* 0.0833 + (a.meter + (a.centimeter)/100)\* 3.28084;

DB c(distance);

return c;

}

DM sum(DM &a, DB &b){

float distance = a.meter + (a.centimeter / 100) + ((b.feet + (b.inches \* 0.0833)) \* 0.3048);

DM c(distance);

return c;

}

int main()

{

float distance;

cout<<"Enter distance in metrics format: ";cin>>distance;

DM m\_dist(distance);

cout<<"Enter distance in Imperial format: ";cin>>distance;

DB i\_dist = DB(distance);

cout<<"For sum of the two distances: "<<endl;

int op;

cout<<"Choose measurment Unit!"<<endl;

cout<<"1.Matric"<<endl<<"2.Imperial"<<endl;

cin>>op;

if(op == 1){

cout<<"\nSum of both lengths and converted in metric"<<endl;

m\_dist = sum(m\_dist, i\_dist);

m\_dist.display();

}

else if(op == 2){

cout<<"\nSum of both lengths and converted in imperial"<<endl;

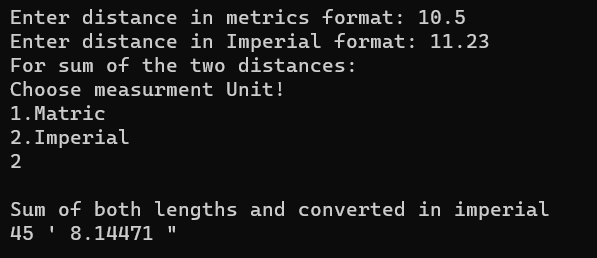
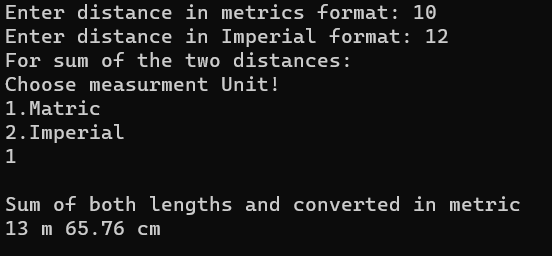
i\_dist = sum(i\_dist, m\_dist);

i\_dist.display();

}

return 0;

}



B] Write a class to represent a vector (a series of float values). Include member functions to perform the following tasks:

(a) To create the vector

(b) To modify the value of a given element

(c) To multiply by a scalar value

(d) To display the vector in the form (10, 20, 30, ...)

Write a program to test your class.

Modify the class and program such that the program would be able to add two vectors and display the resultant vector. (Note that we can pass objects as function arguments.)

#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

class vector{

float \*ptr;

int size;

public:

vector(){

ptr = NULL;

}

vector(int n){

ptr = new float [n];

size = n;

}

~vector(){

delete(ptr) ;

}

void create\_vector(){

for(int i = 0; i<size; i++){

cout<<"\nEnter Element "<<i+1<<" : "; cin>>ptr[i];

}

}

bool modify(int pos, float num){

if(pos > size){

return false;

}

ptr[pos-1] = num;

return true;

}

friend vector multipy\_byconst(vector &vec, float c);

friend vector add\_vectors(vector a, vector b);

void display();

};

vector multipy\_byconst(vector &vec, float c){

if(vec.ptr != NULL)

for(int i=0; i<vec.size; i++){

vec.ptr[i] \*= c;

}

else

cout<<"\nEmpty vector"<<endl;

return vec;

}

vector add\_vectors(vector a, vector b){

int size = a.size>b.size ? a.size:b.size;

vector c(size);

for(int i=0; i<size; i++){

c.ptr[i] = a.ptr[i] + b.ptr[i];

}

return c;

}

void vector :: display(){

if(ptr != NULL)

for(int i=0; i<size; i++){

cout<<ptr[i];

if(i != size-1)

cout<<" ,";

}

else

cout<<"\nEmpty vector"<<endl;

}

int main()

{

int size,op, pos;

cout<<"Enter size of vector A : "; cin>>size;

vector A(size);

cout<<"vector A : " ; A.create\_vector();

cout<<"Enter size of vector B : "; cin>>size;

vector B(size);

cout<<"vector B : "; B.create\_vector();

cout<<"Vecotr A : "; A.display(); cout<<endl;

cout<<"Vector B : "; B.display(); cout<<endl;

cout<<"Vector to modify\n1.Vector A\n2.Vector B"<<endl;

cin>>op;

cout<<"Enter position: "; cin>>pos;

int element;

cout<<"Enter element to modify: ";cin>>element;

if(op==1){

if(A.modify(pos, element))

cout<<"Element added sucessfully !"<<endl;

else cout<<"Position not found !"<<endl;

}

else if(op == 2){

if(B.modify(pos, element))

cout<<"Element added sucessfully !"<<endl;

else cout<<"Position not found !"<<endl;

}

else cout<<"Error! vector not found"<<endl;

cout<<"Vecotr A : "; A.display(); cout<<endl;

cout<<"Vector B : "; B.display(); cout<<endl;

float tmp;

cout<<"Multiply by constant\n1. Vector A\n2.Vector B"<<endl;cin>>op;

cout<<"Enter constant to multiply: "; cin>>tmp;

if(op == 1){

A = multipy\_byconst(A,tmp);

}

else if(op == 2){

B = multipy\_byconst(B,tmp);

}

else cout<<"Error! vector not found"<<endl;

cout<<"Vecotr A : "; A.display(); cout<<endl;

cout<<"Vector B : "; B.display(); cout<<endl;

cout<<"Add two vectors to\n1. Vector A\n2.Vector B"<<endl;cin>>op;

if(op == 1){

A = add\_vectors(A,B);

}

else if(op == 2){

B = add\_vectors(B,A);

}

else cout<<"Error! vector not found"<<endl;

cout<<"Vecotr A : "; A.display(); cout<<endl;

cout<<"Vector B : "; B.display(); cout<<endl;

return 0;

}

C] Describe the mechanism of accessing data members and member functions in the following cases:

(a) Inside the main program.

(b) Inside a member function of the same class.

(c) Inside a member function of another class

D] A book shop maintains the inventory of books that are being sold at the shop. The list includes details such as author, title, price, publisher and stock position. Whenever a customer wants a book, the sales person inputs the title and author and the system searches the list and displays whether it is available or not. If it is not, an appropriate message is displayed. If it is, then the system displays the book details and requests for the number of copies required. If the requested copies are available, the total cost of the requested copies is displayed; otherwise the message "Required copies not in stock" is displayed.

Design a system using a class called books with suitable member functions and constructors. Use new operator in constructors to allocate memory space required.

(a) The price of the books should be updated as and when required. Use a private member function to implement this.

(b) The stock value of each book should be automatically updated as soon as a transaction is completed.

(c) The number of successful and unsuccessful transactions should be recorded for the purpose of statistical analysis. Use static data members to keep count of transactions.

#include<iostream>

#include<stdlib.h>

#include<string.h>

#include <fstream>

using namespace std;

class book

{

string title;

string author;

float retail\_price;

string publisher;

int stock;

void edit\_price(float \_price){

retail\_price = \_price;

}

public:

book \*next,\* prev;

book()

{

cout<<"Enter Title: "; getline(cin, title, '\n');

cout<<"Enter author: "; getline(cin, author, '\n');

cout<<"Enter retail price: "; cin>>retail\_price; getchar();

cout<<"Enter publisher: "; getline(cin, publisher, '\n');

cout<<"Enter book stock: "; cin>>stock; getchar();

next = prev = NULL;

}

string get\_author(){

return author;

}

string get\_title(){

return title;

}

int find\_(string \_title, string \_author){

return ((title == \_title || author == \_author));

}

int availablity(){

return stock;

}

int edit\_stock(int \_stock){

stock += \_stock;

return stock;

}

void display(){

cout<<"Title: "<<title<<endl;

cout<<"Author: "<<author<<endl;

cout<<"Retail price: "<<retail\_price<<endl;

cout<<"Publisher: "<<publisher<<endl;

cout<<"Stock: "<<stock<<endl;

}

void display\_for\_list(){

cout<<"\nTitle: "<<title<<endl;

cout<<"Author: "<<author<<endl;

cout<<"Retail price: "<<retail\_price<<endl;

}

// for file loading

book(string t,string a,float p, string pup, int s){

title = t;

author = a;

retail\_price = p;

publisher = pup;

stock = s;

prev = next = NULL;

}

};

class booklist{

book \*head;

public:

booklist(){

head = NULL;

}

void load\_stock();

void display\_booklist();//

book \*search\_book();//

void buy\_book();//

void new\_stock();//

void delete\_book();//

};

void booklist :: new\_stock()

{

book \* tmp = new book;

if(head == NULL){

head = tmp;

tmp->prev = tmp->next = NULL;

return;

}

book \*p = head, \*prev;

while(p != NULL){

if(p->find\_(tmp->get\_title(),tmp->get\_author())){

cout<<"Book already exists!"<<endl;

return;

}

if(p->next == NULL){

p->next = tmp;

tmp->prev = p;

tmp->next = NULL;

return;

}

prev = p;

p = p->next;

}

}

book\* booklist :: search\_book()

{

string term;

cout<<"Enter the title or authors name : "<<endl;

getline(cin, term, '\n');

book \*p = head;

while(p != NULL){

if(p->find\_(term,term)){

break;

}

p = p->next;

}

return p;

}

void booklist :: buy\_book()

{

static int s=0, us=0;

book\* tmp;

tmp = search\_book();

if(tmp == NULL){

us ++;

cout<<"Book not available!"<<endl;

cout<<us<<" Unsuccsessful transactions!"<<endl;

return;

}

else {

int q;

tmp->display();

cout<<"Enter quantity of books : ";

cin>>q;

if(tmp->availablity() >= q){

s ++;

tmp->edit\_stock(-q);

cout<<s<<" Successful Transactions!"<<endl;

cout<<"\nRemaining Stock: "<< tmp->availablity()<<endl;

}

else{

cout<<"Not sufficient stock!\nTry again!"<<endl;

}

}

}

void booklist :: delete\_book()

{

book\* tmp;

tmp = search\_book();

if(tmp == NULL){

cout<<"Book not available!"<<endl;

return;

}

else {

tmp->display();

cout<<"\nDeleting Stock...\n"<<endl;

if(head->next == NULL){

cout<<"\nBook Store is now Empty"<<endl;

}else if(tmp == head){

head = tmp->next;

tmp->next->prev = NULL;

}else if(tmp->next == NULL){

tmp->prev->next = NULL;

}else{

tmp->prev->next = tmp->next;

tmp->next->prev = tmp->prev;

}

delete tmp;

}

}

void booklist :: display\_booklist()

{

book\* p;

if(head == NULL){

cout<<"\nNo books available!\n"<<endl;

return;

}

p = head;

while(p != NULL){

p->display\_for\_list();

p = p->next;

}

}

void booklist :: load\_stock()

{

string title, author,pr, publisher, st;

int stock;

float price;

int count = 0;

ifstream myfile ("booklist.txt");

if (myfile.is\_open())

{

book\* p;

p = NULL;

while ( getline (myfile,title,'\n') )

{

getline (myfile,author,'\n');

getline (myfile,pr,'\n');

price = stof(pr);

getline (myfile,publisher,'\n');

getline (myfile,st,'\n');

stock = stof(st);

book\* tmp = new book(title,author,price,publisher,stock);

count ++;

if(p == NULL)

head = tmp;

else{

p->next = tmp;

tmp->prev = p;

}

p = tmp;

}

}

else cout << "Unable to open file";

myfile.close();

}

void MENU\_for\_operator(booklist & bk\_list)

{

int op;

book\* bk;

while(true){

cout<<"\n\*\*\*\*\*MENU\*\*\*\*\*\n";

cout<<"1. Search book \n2. Display booklist\n3. New stock\n4. Delete book\n5. Exit"<<endl;

cin>>op; getchar();

switch(op){

case 1: if((bk = bk\_list.search\_book()) == NULL){

cout<<"Book Not Found!"<<endl;

}else{

cout<<"\nSearched Book\n"<<endl;

bk->display();

}

break;

case 2: bk\_list.display\_booklist(); break;

case 3: bk\_list.new\_stock(); break;

case 4: bk\_list.delete\_book(); break;

case 5: return;

default : cout<<"wrong Option Entered!"<<endl; break;

}

}

}

void MENU\_for\_customr(booklist & bk\_list)

{

int op;

book\* bk;

while(true){

cout<<"\n\*\*\*\*\*MENU\*\*\*\*\*\n";

cout<<"1. Search book \n2. Buy Book\n3. Display booklist\n4. Exit"<<endl;

cin>>op; getchar();

switch(op){

case 1: if((bk = bk\_list.search\_book()) == NULL){

cout<<"Book Not Found!"<<endl;

}else{

cout<<"\nSearched Book\n"<<endl;

bk->display();

}

break;

case 2: bk\_list.buy\_book(); break;

case 3: bk\_list.display\_booklist();break;

case 4: return;

default : cout<<"wrong Option Entered!"<<endl; break;

}

}

}

int main()

{

int op;

booklist bk\_list;

bk\_list.load\_stock();

while(true){

cout<<"\n1. Customer Menu\n2. Operator Menu\n3. Exit"<<endl;

cin>>op;

if(op == 1){

MENU\_for\_customr(bk\_list);

}else if(op == 2){

MENU\_for\_operator(bk\_list);

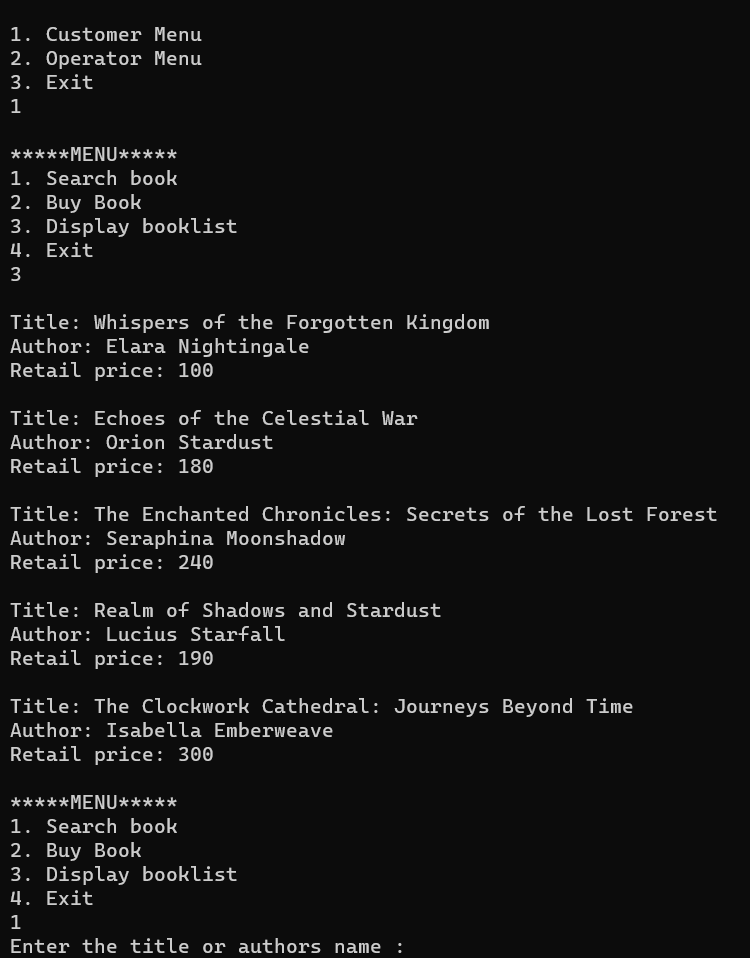
}else if(op == 3){return 0;}

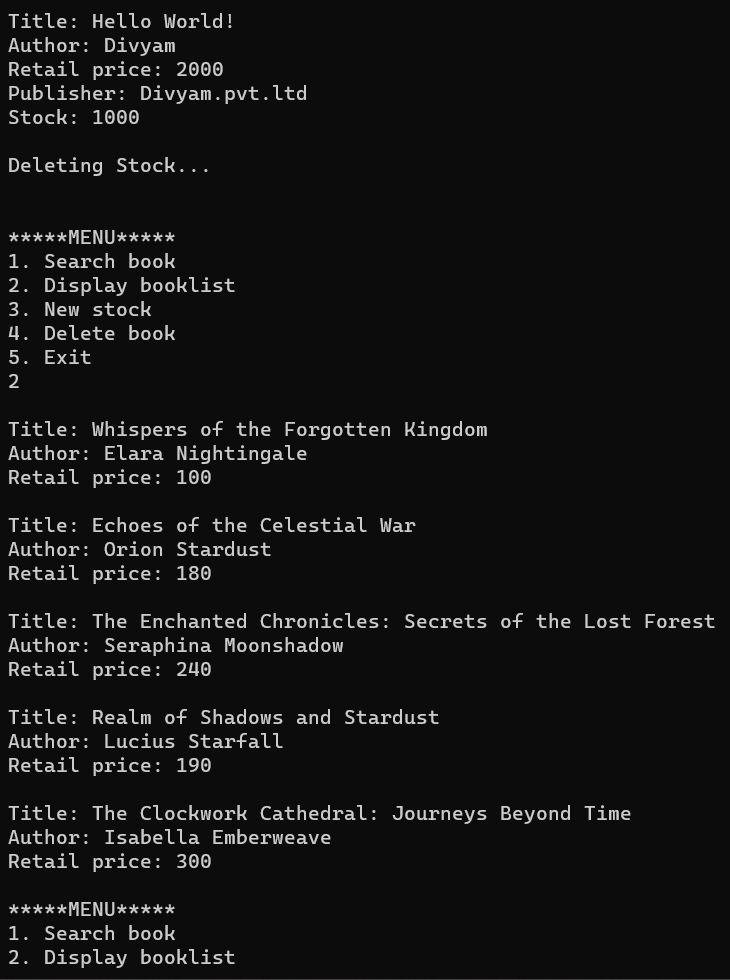
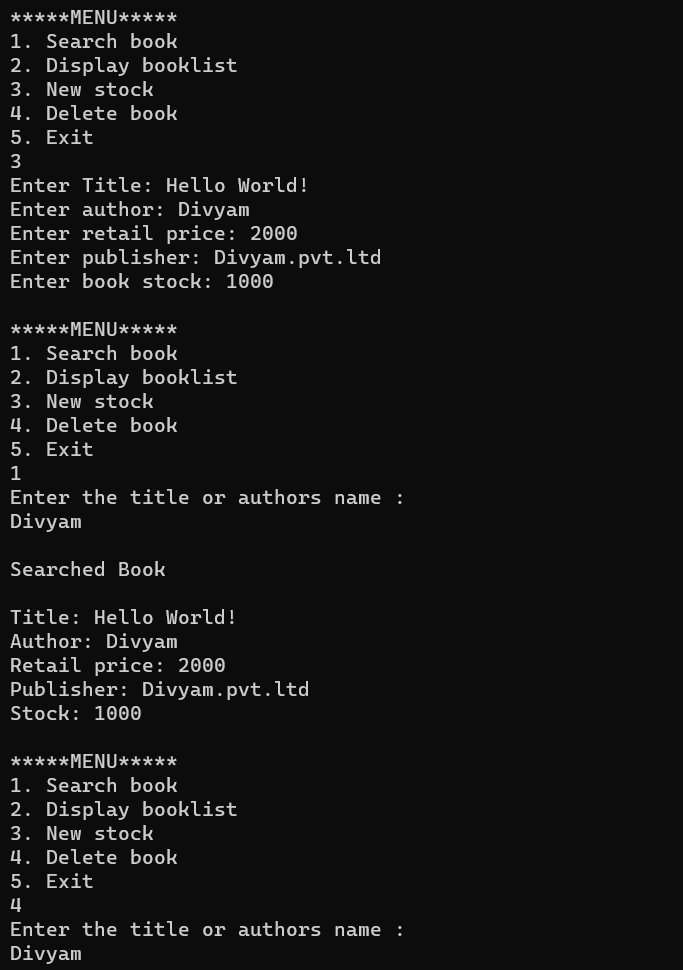
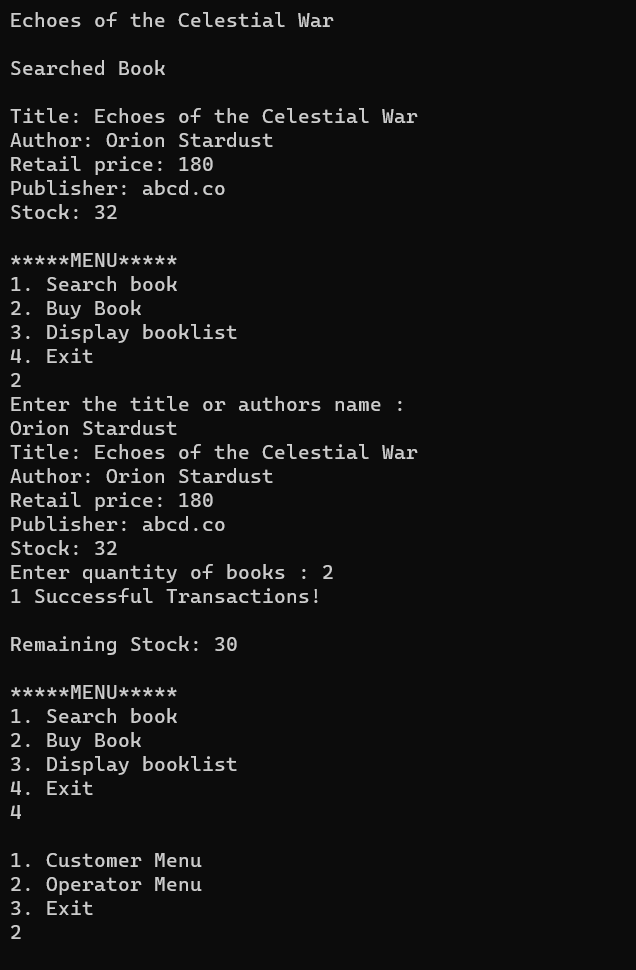
else cout<<"wrong Option Entered"<<endl;

}

return 0;

}





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